## How Many Squares?

- Perimeter is the length of the boundary of a figure
- Area is the amount of surface a figure covers
- geometric figures have formulae to calculate perimeter and area


## A. Find the perimeter of the following.

1. 


2.

4.

5.

6.


## B. Find Perimeter and area of different figures.

Look at the stamps shown in the figure and solve the questions. 1 Square $=1 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$

a) How many squares of one cm does stamp $A$ cover? $\qquad$
b) How many squares of one cm does stamp B cover? $\qquad$
c) Find the area of stamp C? $\qquad$
d) Which stamp has the biggest area? $\qquad$
e) How much is the area of the biggest stamp? $\qquad$ $\mathrm{cm}^{2}$
f) The area of the smallest stamp is $\qquad$ $\mathrm{cm}^{2}$.
g) The difference between the area of the smallest and the biggest stamp is $\qquad$ $\mathrm{cm}^{2}$.

## C. Find the perimeter of the square or rectangle using formula

a) Square with sides 4.5 cm
d) Rectangle with sides 8.5 cm and 10 cm
b) Square with sides 8 cm
e) Square with sides 2.8 m
c) Rectangle with sides 5 cm and 3 cm
f) Square with sides 5.25 m

## D. Find the area of shapes using unit squares.


a) $\qquad$ b) $\qquad$ c) $\qquad$
d) $\qquad$
e) $\qquad$
E. Find the area of irregular shapes using unit squares.

F. Make the floor pattern using the given tile
a)

b)


## G. Draw different pattern using 5 unit squares.


A.

1. $14+5+9+7+5+12=52 \mathrm{~cm}$
2. $13+8+6+5+8+15=55 \mathrm{~cm}$
3. $20+12+14+14+12=72 \mathrm{~cm}$
4. $2+14+2+8+2+14+2+8=52 \mathrm{~cm}$
5. $6+6+6+6+6=30 \mathrm{~cm}$
6. $10+6+7+9+3+14=49 \mathrm{~cm}$
B.

A Perimeter $=20 \mathrm{~cm}$, Area $=24 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$
B Perimeter $=16 \mathrm{~cm}$, Area $=15 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$
C Perimeter $=14 \mathrm{~cm}$, Area $=12 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$
D Perimeter $=10 \mathrm{~cm}$, Area $=8 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$
a) 24 Squares
b) 15 Squares
c) Area $=12 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$
d) Stamp A
e) $24 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$
f) Area $=8 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$
g) $24-8=16 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$
C.
a) Square has 4 sides equal $=4 \times 4.5=18 \mathrm{~cm}$
b) Square has 4 sides equal $=4 \times 8=32 \mathrm{~cm}$
c) Rectangle has opposite sides equal $=2(L+B)=2(5+3)=16 \mathrm{~cm}$
d) Rectangle has opposite sides equal $=2(L+B)=2(8.5+10)=37 \mathrm{~cm}$
e) Square has 4 sides equal $=4 \times 2.8=11.2 \mathrm{~cm}$
f) Square has 4 sides equal $=4 \times 5.25=21 \mathrm{~cm}$
D.
a) Area $=4.5 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$
b) Area $=8 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$
c) Area $=12 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$
d) Area $=3 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$
e) Area $=9 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$
E.
a) Area $=10 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$
b) Area $=8 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$
c) Area $=5 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$
d) Area $=10 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$

