

Walls Tell Stories



| A Fill in the | e blanks. | | | | | | | |
|--|----------------------|------------------------------|------------|----------|--|--|--|--|
| Hyderabad | Kuchipudi | east, west | Thick | Mud | | | | |
| Acoustic | Golconda | Cannons, big guns | Burj | Eight | | | | |
| 1. There were beautiful on the walls of Golconda Fort. | | | | | | | | |
| 2 i | s situated in Hyde | erabad district of Telangana | , India. | | | | | |
| 3. Golconda Fort | was made of | · | | | | | | |
| 4. At Fateh Darwa | aza, fantastic | effect can be exp | erienced. | | | | | |
| 5. The Sun rises ir | n the | and sets in the | · | | | | | |
| 6. Aurangzeb's ar | my used | and to | attack the | e enemy. | | | | |
| 7. Sultan Abdul H | assan was very fo | ond of dance. | | | | | | |
| 8. Mughal army f | ought | months to capture Golco | onda fort. | | | | | |
| 9. After seeing Go | olconda fort the cl | hildren went to a museum ir | า | • | | | | |
| 10. The walls of t | ne Golconda fort | are very | | | | | | |
| B State true | e or false. | | | | | | | |
| 1. Golconda Fort w | vas made by Qutuk | oshahi Sultans in 1687. | | | | | | |
| 2. A long deep ditch (pit) was made along the Golconda fort walls. | | | | | | | | |
| 3. The fort had me | talled pipes to carr | y water to different places | | | | | | |
| in the palace. | | | | | | | | |
| 4. Every may shoul | d have a scale and | l a key. | | | | | | |
| 5. The fort has bastions for its security. | | | | | | | | |
| 6. The fountain on the rood of Sultan's Palace in Golconda Fort | | | | | | | | |
| ran with the help | o of electricity. | | | | | | | |

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|--|-------|
| C Answer in one word. | |
| 1. Subject in which we study about past. | |
| 2. A part of wall coming out in round shape. | |
| 3. A place where old items are displayed. | |
| 4. Name the emperor's cannon is kept in Golconda fort. | |
| 5. The cutting of material such as stone, wood or walls to | |
| form a design called | |
| 6. A group of soldiers. | |
| 7. Leather bags to carry water | |
| | |
| D Answer the following questions. | |
| 1. What is the use of the 'toothed wheel' in the picture? Ans | |
| 2. Why was the deep ditch dug along the wall of the fort? Ans | |
| 3. What things were done to ensure the safety of the palaces? Ans | |

4. What tricks did the kings play to annex the smaller kingdoms? Ans. _____

5. Why iron spikes were there on the gate? Ans. _____

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E | Identify the monuments and write their names.







1. _____



2.

4.



3._____













8. _____

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Answer

| D | 1. Burj 5. east, west 9. Hyderabad | 2. Golconda 6. Cannons, b 10. Thick | oig guns | 3. Mud 7. Kuchip | udi | 4. Acoustic 8. Eight |
|----------|--|---|----------|---------------------|-------|----------------------------|
| В. С. | 1. True 2. Ti | rue 3. True | 4. True | 5. True | 6. Tr | ve |
| С. | 1. History 5. carving | 2. Bastio 6. Army | n | 3. Museu 7. Bomb | m | 4. Qutubshahi 8. Mashak |

D.

Α.

- 1. The 'toothed wheel' is used to draw water from the deep.
- 2. The deep ditch was dug along the wall so that the enemy could not cross it easily to enter the fort.
- 3. To ensure the safety of the fort huge gates, thick walls and bastions were made around the palaces.
- 4. They did friendship, flattery, wedding ties with the smaller kingdoms. And when nothing else worked they attacked them.
- 5. The spikes were sharp at the end to make it impossible for the elephant to push the gate open.

Ε.

- 1. Taj Mahal, Agra, Uttar Pradesh.
- 2. Gateway Of India, Mumbai, Maharashtra.
- 3. Qutub Minar, Delhi.
- 4. Hawa Mahal, Rajasthan.
- 5. Golden Temple, Amritsar, Punjab.
- 6. Charminar, Hyderabad, Telangana.
- 7. Sun Temple, Konark, Orrisa.
- 8. Statue of Unity, Narmada Valley Kevadiya, Gujarat.